Know Your Rights.

A guide to understanding school discrimination under the New York State Human Rights Law.



Table of Contents

01 — Introduction 02 — The Human Rights Law 03 — An Overview of School Discrimination 04 — Prohibited Acts Under the HRL 05 — What is Bullying and Harassment? 06 — Examples of Bullying and Harassment 07 — What to do if You Have Experienced Discrimination 09 — DHR at a Glance 10 — How to File a Complaint With DHR 11 — DHR Investigation Stage 13 — What Happens if a Finding of Discrimination is Made? 14 — Resources 17 — References and Acknowledgements 18 — Appendix: DHR Complaint Form

Introduction

In 2019, New York State amended the New York State Human Rights Law to prohibit discrimination in public schools and other educational institutions.

This guide provides an overview of this law and explains how it protects students and other individuals from bullying, harassment, and other forms of school discrimination. It describes what school discrimination looks like and how you can file a complaint of school discrimination with DHR. This guide also contains some information about legal advocates and attorneys across New York State who may be able to further advise you about your rights.

PLEASE NOTE: If you have experienced school discrimination, you have several courses of action under New York State and federal law, such as filing a lawsuit in state or federal court. This guide only provides very general information about your rights under the Human Rights Law and remedies available at the Division of Human Rights. It is not representative of all your legal options and is not meant to be or replace legal advice. If you think you have been discriminated against, you should contact a lawyer who is familiar with school discrimination. Some legal resources are listed at the end of this guide for your convenience. This law is current as of September 2022. Laws may change and subsequent changes in the law may not be reflected in this guide.

The Human Rights Law

The New York State Human Rights Law ("HRL") is New York's major anti-discrimination statute. It prohibits discrimination in several areas, including employment, housing, access to credit, and places of public accommodation. In 2019, the HRL was expanded to prohibit discrimination in education.

The Division of Human Rights

The New York State Division of Human Rights ("DHR") is the state government agency that is responsible for enforcing and interpreting the HRL. If you believe you have been discriminated against, you can file a complaint with DHR.

An Overview of School Discrimination

The HRL protects students and other individuals from school discrimination.

Who is Protected by the HRL?

Under the HRL, educational institutions are prohibited from discriminating against students and other individuals on the basis of:

- race;
- color;
- religion;
- disability;
- national origin;
- sexual orientation;

- gender identity or expression;
- military status;
- sex;
- age; or
- marital status

What is an Educational Institution?

Educational institutions include:

- public schools and districts;
- charter schools;
- BOCES;
- public colleges and universities;
- publicly funded pre-k programs;
 private schools at all education levels (except by a religious organization); or
 - for-profit non-sectarian colleges, universities, licensed career schools, or certified English as a second language schools

Prohibited Acts Under the HRL

You have the right to an education free of discrimination or harassment based on your placement in a protected class.

An educational institution **cannot**:

- refuse to admit an otherwise qualified student to a school or program;
- terminate an otherwise qualified student's enrollment in a school or program; or
- treat a student differently on the basis of a protected class.

Example:

A high school prohibits an LGBTQ club from meeting after school but allows other student interest groups to do so.

An educational institution <u>must</u> take prompt, effective steps to prevent and stop:

- student-on-student bullying
- staff member-on-student bullying
- Sexual harassment or other sexual misconduct toward a student

What is Bullying and Harassment?

Harassment or bullying based on a protected characteristic can include words, signs, jokes, intimidation, or physical violence. It can also include actions that are offensive to a recipient or cause the recipient discomfort or humiliation.

Sexual harassment is a form of harassment. It can include taunts or threats of a sexual nature, sexually discriminatory statements, or sexually explicit derogatory remarks. It can also include verbal/physical sexual advances or touching/assaults. Sexual harassment can also include any suggestion from a teacher or person in authority that an advantage can be obtained if a student agrees to engage in sexual conduct.

NOTE: It **does not** matter if the student agrees or whether the advantage is obtained.

Want to read more? Check out DHR's <u>Educational Institutions: Your Rights Under the Human Rights Law as a Student or Applicant</u>

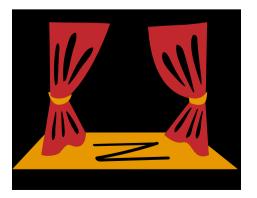
Examples of Bullying and Harassment



In order to be class valedictorian, Emily needs to get an A in AP physics. Emily's physics teacher tells her that he will give her an A in the class if she engages in a sexual relationship with him.

Several students taunt Taylor, a transgender student, on the school bus.





Jordan, a Black student, is the lead in her high school play. At play rehearsal, several students make frequent racial jokes to her. When Jordan tells the director, he tells her to just ignore the other students and takes no further action.

What to do if You Have Experienced Discrimination

Consider Filing a DASA Complaint:

- The Dignity For All Students Act ("DASA") is a state law that aims to protect students from bullying (including cyberbullying), harassment, and other discrimination.
- DASA applies to bullying, harassment, and discrimination that occurs on school property and at school functions.
- Under DASA, discrimination is prohibited on the basis of:

o race

color

weight

national origin

ethnic group

religion

religious practice

disability

sexual orientation

gender

sex

- All schools have a DASA coordinator, an administrative designee who receives reports of harassment, bullying, or discrimination.
- Students or family members can file a DASA complaint, either verbally or written. A school must notify the DASA coordinator within one school day upon receiving a complaint. The school has 2 school days to file a written report of the complaint.
- The school or DASA coordinator must then conduct an investigation.
 Once it is complete, the DASA coordinator will determine whether the complaint is verified as a "material incident."
- A material incident is reportable to NYSED's School Safety and Educational Climate ("SSEC") data collection form. The data collected is publicly available on NYSED's website.

Gather Evidence:

- Keep a log of all acts of discrimination that occur, as they occur. It is important to write down as many details as you can while your memory is fresh. Important details include:
 - the school, school district, administrators, staff members, or any other entity or individual involved in the discriminatory act(s)
 - the discriminatory act(s) write down what happened in detail
 - where and when the discriminatory act(s) took place
 - any witnesses to the discriminatory act(s)
- Be sure to save and protect any proof you may have, including:
 - Letters, texts, emails, voicemails, videos, DMs, and all other communications with the school, administrators, staff members, or other people involved.
 - All records relating to the discriminatory incident(s), such as medical records, police reports, etc.
 - All social media posts (if any) relating to the discriminatory incidents. It is important to save these as soon as you see them because social media posts can be deleted.

Experiencing discrimination can be traumatizing. If you find it difficult to process what has happened to you, make sure to take the time to take care of yourself. This can include talking to trusted family, friends, and mental health professionals.

DHR at a Glance

How Does DHR Work?

- 1. DHR is a state agency that enforces the HRL. You can file a complaint with DHR against an entity or individual ("respondent"). DHR will then conduct an investigation.
- 2. DHR will determine whether there is probable cause that discrimination occurred.
- 3. If a complaint receives a probable cause determination, you will be assigned a DHR attorney free of cost.
- 4. The case will then be scheduled for a prehearing settlement conference, which you and the respondent a chance to settle your case.
- 5. If no settlement occurs, the case will be scheduled for a public hearing (virtual) in front of an Administrative Law Judge ("ALJ").
- 6. After the hearing, the ALJ will draft a proposed order and allow both parties to respond.
- 7. The Commissioner of DHR will review the order and responses and draft the final order, in which DHR finds discrimination or not. Either party may appeal the Final Order in state court within 60 days.

How to File a Complaint with DHR

You must file a complaint within <u>one year of the last act</u> <u>of discrimination.</u>

- Start by filling out a <u>complaint form</u>, which can be found on DHR's website. A copy of this complaint form is also annexed at the end of this guide. Make sure to fill out the form in its entirety. You should type or use print to fill out the form. You can sign under a declaration of penalty instead of getting the complaint notarized but you must make sure to sign the complaint.
- Make sure that you attach all evidence that you think is helpful to your case, including documents, correspondences, etc.
- There are several ways to file a completed complaint form.
 - You can return it via mail to your nearest regional DHR office.
 - You can email it to complaints@dhr.ny.gov.
 - You can fax it to (718) 741-8322.

DHR Investigation Stage

What Happens During the Investigation Stage?

- Upon receiving a complaint, DHR will determine whether it has jurisdiction over the subject matter and parties and determine timeliness.
- If the complaint is not dismissed for any of these reasons, DHR will begin an investigation (within 180 days of filing).
- During this stage, the respondent will have the opportunity to submit a position statement or response to the complaint. You will have the opportunity to then respond to the respondent's submission.
- DHR will conduct field visits, interviews, and request any information it needs to complete the investigation.
- In addition, DHR will facilitate conciliation discussions between you and respondent to give you a chance to resolve the complaint before the investigation is completed.
- After DHR finishes its investigation, it will make a determination of probable cause or no probable cause.

What Does Probable Cause Mean?

After DHR finishes its investigation, it will make a determination of probable cause or no probable cause. A probable cause determination means that it is more likely than not that discrimination occurred. It should be noted that this is a relatively low bar; getting a determination of probable cause does not mean that you have won your case. Rather, a probable cause determination means that your case will advance to the next stage in the complaint process rather than get dismissed after investigation.

DHR Hearing Stage

What Happens After a Probable Cause Determination?

- If your case gets a probable cause determination, it will be scheduled for a prehearing settlement conference, which is a conference call between you and respondent held in front of an ALJ. During this conference, the parties have the opportunity to settle the case. However, neither party is obligated to do so.
- If you do not settle you case, it will be scheduled for a hearing in front of an ALJ (within 270 days of filing the complaint). This hearing is trial-like, in which evidence relevant to your case is placed in the hearing record. The hearing may last for more than one days, not necessarily in consecutive days. You and the respondent will be notified of all hearing dates in advance.
- Usually, the hearings are conducted in-person. However, in light of the COVID-19 pandemic, conferences are being held via videoconference.
- After the hearing has concluded, the ALJ will prepare a proposed order and send it to the parties, who will have then have the chance to respond.
- After the parties have a chance to respond to the proposed
 Order, the Commissioner of Human Rights will issue a final order that either finds discrimination or dismisses the complaint.
- Either party may appeal a Commissioner's Order to the State Supreme Court within 60 days.

 PAGE 12

What Happens if a Finding of Discrimination is Made?

If the Commissioner finds that discrimination has occurred, respondent will be ordered to cease and desist all discriminatory actions, and take actions to remedy the discriminatory acts. Such remedies include:

- requiring staff/administrators to undergo anti-discrimination training;
- requiring a school district to change or adopt policies in order to prevent discrimination from reoccurring; or
- granting a reasonable accommodation in the case of disability discrimination.

In addition, DHR may award monetary damages to you, including:

- compensatory damages for mental pain and suffering;
- attorney's fees; or
- civil fines and penalties.

Resources

Empire Justice Center

Civil Rights Unit 1 W Main St #200, Rochester, NY 14614 https://empirejustice.org (585) 454-4060

Monroe County Bar Association

Lawyer Referral Service 255 East Avenue #305 Rochester, NY 14604 https://monroe.community.lawyer/ (585) 546-2130

DHR Central Headquarters

One Fordham Plaza, 4th Floor Bronx, NY 10458 info@dhr.ny.gov 1-888-392-3644

DHR Regional Offices

Albany -

Agency Building 1, 2nd Floor, Empire State Plaza Albany, NY 12220 (518) 474-2705 or (518) 474-2707 Info.Albany@dhr.ny.gov

serves Albany, Clinton, Columbia, Essex, Franklin, Fulton, Greene, Hamilton, Herkimer, Lewis, Montgomery, Rensselaer, Saratoga, Schenectady, Schoharie, St. Lawrence, Ulster, Warren, and Washington counties.

Binghamton -

44 Hawley Street, Room 603 Binghamton, NY 13901 (607) 721-8467 Info.Binghamton@dhr.ny.gov

serves Broome, Chemung, Chenango, Cortland, Delaware, Madison, Otsego, Sullivan, Tioga, and Tompkins counties. PAGE 14

Resources

DHR Regional Offices Continued

Bronx -

headquarters Housing Investigations Unit (All housing cases)

Brooklyn -

55 Hanson Place, Room 1084 Brooklyn, NY 11217 (718) 722-2385 Info.Brooklyn@dhr.ny.gov

serves Kings, New York, and Richmond counties.

Buffalo -

Main Place Tower, 350 Main Street, 10th Floor, Suite 1000B Buffalo, NY 14202 (716) 847-7632 Info.Buffalo@dhr.ny.gov

serves Cattaraugus, Chautauqua, Erie, and Niagara counties.

Long Island (Hauppauge) -

State Office Building, 250 Veterans Memorial Highway, Suite 2B-49 Hauppauge, NY 11788 (631) 952-6434 Info.LongIsland@dhr.ny.gov

serves Suffolk county,

Long Island (Hempstead) -

50 Clinton Street, Suite 301 Hempstead, NY 11550 (516) 539-6848 Info.LongIsland@dhr.ny.gov

serves Nassau county.

Resources

DHR Regional Offices Continued

Manhattan -

Adam Clayton Powell State Office Building, 163 West 125th Street, 4th Floor
New York, NY 10027
(212) 961-8650
Info.UpperManhattan@dhr.ny.gov

serves Bronx and New York counties.

Sexual Harassment/Queens -

55 Hanson Place, Room 900 Brooklyn, NY 11217 (718) 722-2060 info.OshiQns@dhr.ny.gov

serves Queens county.

Rochester -

One Monroe Square, 259 Monroe Ave., Suite 308 Rochester, NY 14607 (585) 238-8250 Info.Rochester@dhr.ny.gov

serves Allegany, Genesee, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, Schuyler, Seneca, Steuben, Wayne, Wyoming, and Yates.

Syracuse -

333 E. Washington Street, Room 543 Syracuse, NY 13202 (315) 428-4633 Info.Syracuse@dhr.ny.gov

serves Cayuga, Jefferson, Oneida, Onondaga, and Oswego counties.

White Plains -

7-11 South Broadway, Suite 314 White Plains, NY 10601 (914) 989-3120 Info.WhitePlains@dhr.ny.gov

serves Dutchess, Orange, Putnam, Rockland, and Westchester counties.

References

- (1) N.Y. Exec. Art. 15 § 290 et seq.
- (2) § 296.4.
- (3) Educational Institutions: Your Rights as a Student or Applicant, N.Y. Div. of Human Rights, https://dhr.ny.gov/system/files/documents/2022/05/nysdhr-education-discrimination.pdf.
- (4) File a Complaint, N.Y. Div. of Human Rights, https://dhr.ny.gov/complaint.
- (5) Investigative Procedure, N.Y. Div. of Human Rights, https://dhr.ny.gov.
- (6) 9 NY-CRR 465 et seq.

Acknowledgements

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A special thank you to the New York State Division of Human Rights for providing the information contained in this guide.



1 W. Main Street, Rochester, NY 14614 • P: (585) 454-4060

Appendix: DHR Complaint Form



Education Discrimination Complaint Form

Instructions

1) Please fill out the complaint form, answering all of the questions. If you are filling out the form on a computer, please print it immediately when you are finished. You may not be able to save the completed form. If possible, please type. If you are filling out the form by hand, please print. Please do not write in the margins or on the back of this form.

Please note: A delay could occur in the filing and the investigation of your complaint if the form is not filled out properly or if the information you provide is not legible.

- 2) Notarization is no longer a requirement for this form. For those not wanting to use a notary, you can complete the declaration section after you fill out the form. The declaration option does not require notarization; you need only fill in the blanks with the date and your location (city, state), and sign the declaration. The oath section is still available, but if you use this option you will need to sign in front of a notary.
- Attach copies of any documents that you think will help the Division investigate your case (emails with respondent, written statements from witnesses, etc.).
- 4) Return the complaint form to the office closest to you. See below for the list of office locations. You may return the complaint by postal mail or personal delivery. You may also email your complaint to complaints@dhr.ny.gov or fax it to (718) 741-8322.
- Keep a copy of your complaint, and copies of any documents that you attach, for your own records.
- 6) The completed complaint must be returned to the Division promptly. After the Division accepts your complaint, this form will be sent to the institution or person(s) whom you are charging with discrimination.

Time Limit for Filing

Please note: You must file your complaint within one year of the most recent act of alleged discrimination.

If you need further assistance or require an accommodation for a disability, please call or visit one of our offices, make an appointment, or visit our website at www.dhr.ny.gov/complaint. Interpreter services are also available at no cost upon request.

NYS Division of Human Rights Offices

Albany

Agency Building 1, 2nd Floor Empire State Plaza Albany, New York 12220 Telephone No. (518) 474-2705

Binghamton

44 Hawley Street, Room 603 Binghamton, New York 13901 Telephone No. (607) 721-8467

Bronx Central Office

One Fordham Plaza, 4th Floor Bronx, NY 10458 Telephone No. (718) 741-8400

Brooklyn

55 Hanson Place, Room 304 Brooklyn, New York 11217 Telephone No. (718) 722-2385

Buffalo

Main Place Tower 350 Main Street, 10th Floor, Suite 1000B Buffalo, New York 14202 Telephone No. (716) 847-7632

Long Island (Nassau)

50 Clinton Street, Suite 301 Hempstead, New York 11550 Telephone No. (516) 539-6848

Long Island (Suffolk)

250 Veterans Memorial Highway, Suite 2B-49 Hauppauge, New York 11788 Telephone No. (631) 952-6434

Manhattan

Adam Clayton Powell Jr. State Office Bldg. 163 West 125th Street, 4th Floor New York, New York 10027 Telephone No. (212) 961-8650

Office of Sexual Harassment Issues/Queens

55 Hanson Place, Room 900 Brooklyn, New York 11217 Telephone No. (718) 722-2060

Rochester

One Monroe Square 259 Monroe Avenue, Suite 308 Rochester, New York 14607 Telephone No. (585) 238-8250

Syracuse

John J. Hughes State Office Building 333 E. Washington Street, Room 543 Syracuse, New York 13202 Telephone No. (315) 428-4633

White Plains

7-11 South Broadway, Suite 314 White Plains, New York 10601 Telephone No. (914) 989-3120

What is Covered by the Human Rights Law?

The Division of Human Rights investigates complaints of discrimination against students of, or applicants to, educational institutions. (Those wishing to file a complaint as an employee of an educational institution should file an employment complaint.) Covered education institutions are:

- Private schools, pre-kindergarten through college or university levels, which are not-for-profit and not run by a religious organization
- All public schools, pre-kindergarten through college or university levels

The Division of Human Rights investigates complaints of discrimination by education institutions based on:

Age

Disability (a physical or mental condition; including denial of reasonable accommodation for disability)

Gender Identity or Expression (actual or perceived gender-related identity, appearance, behavior, expression, or other gender-related characteristic regardless of the sex assigned to that person at birth, including, but not limited to, the status of being transgender; complaints involving the need for accommodation of gender dysphoria or other related medical condition can also be filed under disability)

Marital Status (single, married, separated, divorced, widowed)

Military Status (including military reserves, or being a veteran)

National Origin (the country where you or your ancestors were born)

Race/Color (because you are Asian, Black, White, mixed race, etc.; includes ethnicity; includes traits historically associated with race such as hair texture or hairstyle)

Religion (religious membership, belief, practice, or observance; or discrimination because you do not have a religious belief)

Retaliation (if you filed a discrimination case before, were a witness or helped someone else with a discrimination case, or opposed or reported unlawful discrimination)

Sex (because of your gender, includes sexual stereotyping, sexual harassment, or pregnancy, except that any institution which establishes or maintains a policy of educating persons of one sex exclusively may admit students of only one sex)

Sexual Orientation (heterosexual, homosexual, bisexual, asexual, whether actual or perceived)

Use of Guide Dog, Hearing Dog, or Service Dog (use of a professionally trained dog for a disability)

Relationship or Association (with a member or members of a protected category listed above)

The Division investigates complaints only if the discrimination is based on one or more of the above reasons. The Division cannot investigate unfair treatment that does not involve one of these reasons. If you do not see anything in this list that applies to your situation, please contact the Division of Human Rights to speak to a staff member.

New York State Division of Human Rights Education Discrimination Complaint Form

Although all ages are protected, you must be 18 years or older to file a complaint. A parent, guardian or other person having legal authority to act in the child's interests must file on behalf of a student under the age of 18.

Your contact information:						
irst Name Middle Initial/Name		I am:				
				Stuc	dent or applicant	
Last Name						ent or legal
					guai	rdian
Street Address/ PO Box Apt or Floor			Apt or Floor	#:		
City			State			Zip Code
2. Student or applicant information (if the student is under 18 years of age and a parent or guardian is filing):						
Student's Name:		Rela	Relationship:		Date of birth:	
3. You are filing a complaint against:						
Name of Educational Institution						
Street Address/ PO Box						
City	3	State			Zi	p Code
Telephone Number: () Ext						
In what county or borough did the violation take pla	ice?					
Individual people who discriminated against you:						
Name:	Title/	Role:				
Name:						2.32
Name:	Title/	Role: _				
Name: Title/Role:						
me: Title/Role:						
lame: Title/Role:						
If you need more space, please list them on a separate piece of paper.						
4. Date of alleged discrimination (must be within one year of filing):						
The week we sent act of discoving inction have a set of any						
The most recent act of discrimination happened on	· ·	onth	day ye	ear		

5. Basis of alleged discrimination:						
Check ONLY the boxes that you believe were the reasons for discrimination and fill in specifics only for those						
reasons. Please look at page 2 of "Instructions" for an explanation of each type of discrimination.						
□ Age	□ Disability:					
Please specify:	Please specify:					
☐ Gender Identity or Expression, including the	□ Marital Status:					
Status of Being Transgender	☐ Single ☐ Married ☐ Separated					
	☐ Divorced ☐ Widowed					
□ Military Status	□ National Origin:					
☐ Active Duty ☐ Reserves ☐ Veteran	Please specify:					
□ Race/Color or Ethnicity:	☐ Religion:					
Please specify:	Please specify:					
 Trait historically associated with race such as hair 	□ Sexual Orientation:					
texture or hairstyle	Please specify:					
□ Sex	☐ Use of Guide Dog, Hearing Dog,					
Please specify:	or Service Dog					
If you believe you (or your child) were treated differently	after you (or your child) filed or helped someone file a					
discrimination complaint, acted as a witness to a discrim						
check below:	initiation complaint, or reported unlawful discrimination,					
CHECK BEIOW.						
□ Retaliation: How you opposed discrimination:						
If you believe you (or your child) were discriminated aga	inst because of your (or your child's) relationship or					
association with a member or members of a protected of						
above, and check below.						
□ Relationship or Association						
6. Acts of alleged discrimination: What did the educational institution you are complaining against do?						
Check all that apply	donar institution you are complaining against do?					
	☐ Denied access to educational facilities					
☐ Denied admission to an educational institution	Defiled access to educational facilities					
☐ Bullying or harassment on any basis indicated	☐ Sexual harassment					
above						
	E Bississis As I see that					
☐ Denied equal terms, conditions or privileges as	☐ Discriminated against because of use					
an applicant or student	of a professionally trained guide, hearing					
	or service dog					
☐ Other:						

7. Description of alleged discrimination
Please tell us more about each act of discrimination that you (or your child) experienced. Please included dates, names of people involved, and explain why you think it was discriminatory. PLEASE TYPE OF PRINT CLEARLY. You may also write "see attached" and attach a typed description.
If you need more space to write, please continue writing on a separate sheet of paper and attach it to the complaint form. DO NOT WRITE IN THE MARGINS OR ON THE BACK OF THIS FORM.

3

Signature (Declaration or Oath)

Based on the information contained in this form, I charge the herein named respondent(s) with an unlawful

discriminatory practice, in violation of the New Y	York State Human Rights Law.
the state of the s	ave an action pending before any administrative agency, under nlawful discriminatory practice. (If you have another action r office to discuss.)
or by declaration." You must complete either	plaint filed with the Division of Human Rights must be "under oatl the "declaration" or "oath" sections below. The declaration to be notarized. The oath requires that you sign it before a notary
	DECLARATION
complaint and know the content thereof; that th	(state), (year) at (city), (state), ainant herein; that I have read (or had read to me) the foregoing see same is true of my own knowledge except as to the matters at as to those matters, I believe the same to be true.
	[Complainant name]
	OATH
STATE OF NEW YORK) COUNTY OF) SS:	
have read (or had read to me) the foregoing co	orn, deposes and says: that I am the complainant herein; that I mplaint and knows the content thereof; that the same is true of erein stated on information and belief; and that as to those
Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of , 20	Complainant signature
Signature of Notary Public	

Please note: Once this form is completed and returned to the New York State Division of Human Rights, it becomes a legal document and an official complaint with the Division.

Additional Information, Page 1: This page is for the Division's records and will not be sent to the company or person(s) whom you are filing against.							
1. Contact information							
My primary telephone number:							
My secondary telephone number:							
My date of birth:							
(Required) My email address:							
The Division uses email, whenever possible, to communicate with the parties to complaints. This avoids delays and lost mail, and increases the efficiency of Division case processing. Therefore, you are required to provide an email address, if you have one, and to keep us advised of any change of your email address. The Division will not use your email address for any non-case related matters.							
Contact person (Someone who does not live with you but will know how to contact you if we cannot reach you)							
Contact person's name:							
Contact person's telephone number:							
Contact person's address							
Contact person's email address:							
Contact person's relationship to me:							
2. Special needs: I am in need of: Interpretation (if so what language?): Accommodations for a disability: Privacy. Keep my contact information confidential as I am a victim of domestic violence Other:							
	nis complaint, I would accept: (Explain what you want to happen as a tter of apology, an end to the harassment, admission or readmission						
·	sses may be shared with the parties as necessary for the or heard the discrimination and can act as witnesses: Title: Relationship to me:						
Name:	Title: Relationship to me:						

Additional Information, Page 2
5. The following information may be useful in the investigation of your complaint. Please note that it is not necessary for you to have complained about the discrimination before you file a complaint with the Division.
Did you report or complain about the discrimination to someone else?
If yes, how exactly did you complain about the discrimination? (To whom did you complain?)
Date you reported or complained about discrimination:
What happened after you complained?
If you did not report the discrimination, please explain why:
6. Were other people treated the same as you? How? If you are complaining about discrimination relating to race, national origin, religion, or gender, etc., please describe their races, national origins, religions, genders, etc
7. Were other people treated better than you? How? If you are complaining about discrimination relating to race, national origin, religion, or gender, etc., please describe their races, national origins, religions, genders, etc.